Charactersitics of Language

Agus D. Priyanto Introduction to General Linguistics

Questions from Last Week

- Can you tell me your name without moving your mouth and hands?
 - That's why we need language.
- WHAT is language?
- Under what conditions would the ability to communicate less important to you than your eyes, mouth and hands?
- In what situations might your ability to communicate be more important to you than your eyes, mouth and hands?

Characteristics of Language

Language is a system

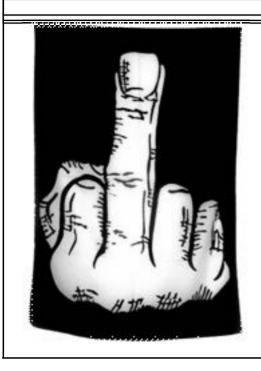
- Language comprises well arranged elements.
- Language is well patterned.
- Language has such subsystems as phonology, grammar, lexis.

L is a system of **sounds**.

- Main element of language is sound.
- People can speak before they can write

L is a system of symbols.

- •Symbol represents something
- Symbol or Sign?



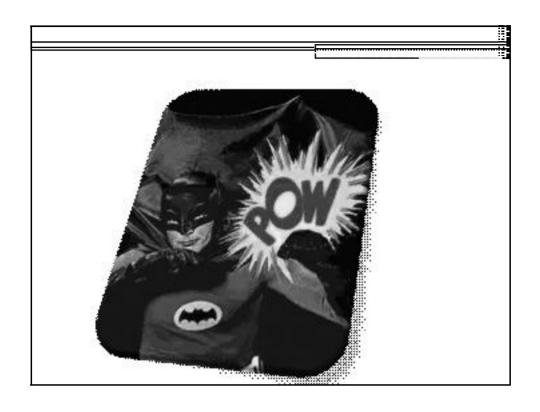
Sign or Symbol?

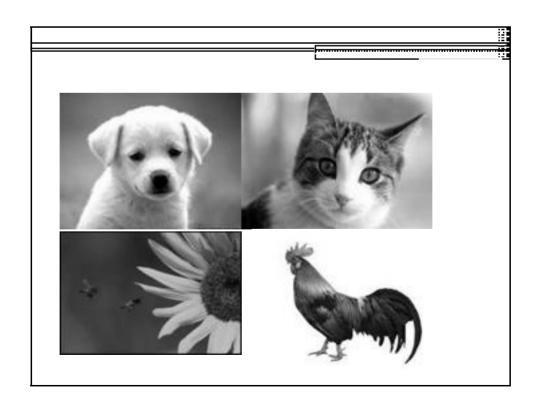
Language is arbitrary.

- Used based on agreement
- No obligatory relation between the symbol and the concept (or meaning)
- Exception: Onomatopoeia

An **onomatopoeic** word is one that **sounds like** the thing it is describing.







More examples:

- The car screeched to a stop.
- Knock-knock, who's there?
- Click the right button.
- I don't like drivers honking all the time.

Language is productive

- With limited elements, language can be used by lots of speakers.
- ✓ How many Indonesian words can you make with "m", "a", "r", and "i"?
- ✓ How many alphabets does Indonesian have?
- ✓ How many sentences can you make with those alphabets?

Language is unique

• Each language has typical system that is not available in any other language.

What language do you think these words belong to?:

- √ mBandung
- √mBogor
- √ngGopek
- **√** NgGunung
- √nDepok
- ✓ nDekor

Language is **universal**

- Language has a system that is **also applicable** in any other language.
- All languages have vocal symbols consisting vocals, consonants, or diphthongs.
- All languages have meaningful units: phoneme, morpheme, words, etc.
- Indonesian have many similar systems as Malay.

Language has variations

•No uniformity can exist in language.

Other characteristics of Language

- •Language can be a self-identity.
- •Language is functional.

